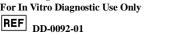
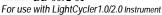


Enterotoxigenic E. Coli (ETEC) Real Time PCR Kit User Manual

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use Only







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1. Intended Use

ETEC real time PCR kit is used for the detection of ETEC in stool or water samples by using real time PCR systems

2. Principle of Real-Time PCR

The principle of the real-time detection is based on the fluorogenic 5'nuclease assay. During the PCR reaction, the DNA polymerase cleaves the probe at the 5' end and separates the reporter dye from the quencher dye only when the probe hybridizes to the target DNA. This cleavage results in the fluorescent signal generated by the cleaved reporter dye, which is monitored real-time by the PCR detection system. The PCR cycle at which an increase in the fluorescence signal is detected initially (Ct) is proportional to the amount of the specific PCR product. Monitoring the fluorescence intensities during Real Time allows the detection of the accumulating product without having to re-open the reaction tube after the amplification.

3. Product Description

Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli (ETEC) is an important cause of diarrhea in young children in the developing world as well as in travelers to these areas. ETEC comprise a relatively small proportion of the species and have been etiologically associated with diarrheal illness of all age groups from diverse global locations. The organism frequently causes diarrhea in infants in less developed countries and in visitors there from industrialized countries. The etiology of this cholera-like illness has been recognized for about 20 years. ETEC spreads though contaminated water and food. It causes diarrhea by producing different combinations of the heat labile (LT) or heat stable (ST) enterotoxins and 1 or more of at least 22 different colonization factors, which contribute to the virulence of the pathogen.
Enterotoxigenic E. Coli(ETEC) real time PCR kit contains a specific ready-to-use system for the

detection of the Enterotoxigenic E. Coli(ETEC) by polymerase chain reaction in the real-time PCR system. The master contains reagents and enzymes for the specific amplification of the ETEC DNA. Fluorescence is emitted and measured by the real time systems' optical unit. The detection of amplified ETEC DNA fragment is performed in fluorimeter channel 530nm with the fluorescent quencher BHQ1. DNA extraction buffer is available in the kit and excreta or water samples are used for the extraction of the DNA. In addition, the kit contains a system to identify possible PCR inhibition by measuring the 560nm fluorescence of the internal control (IC).

4. Kit Contents

Ref.	Type of Reagent	Presentation	25rxns
1	DNA Extraction Buffer	2 vials, 1.5ml	
2	ETEC Reaction Mix A	1 vial, 450μl	
3	ETEC Reaction Mix B	1 vial, 450µl	
4	PCR Enzyme Mix	1 vial, 22µl	
5	Molecular Grade Water	1 vial, 400µl	
6	Internal Control (IC)	1 vial, 55µl	
7	ETEC Positive Control	1 vial, 60µl	

Analysis sensitivity: 1×10⁴ copies/ml

Note: Analysis sensitivity depends on the sample volume, elution volume, nucleic acid extraction methods and other factors . If you use the DNA extraction buffer in the kit, the analysis sensitivity is the same as it declares. However, when the sample volume is dozens or even hundreds of times greater than elution volume by some concentrating method, it can be much higher.

- All reagents should be stored at -20°C. Storage at +4°C is not recommended.
- All reagents can be used until the expiration date indicated on the kit label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing (>3x) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.

 • Cool all reagents during the working steps.

Reaction mix should be stored in the dark. Additionally Required Materials and Devices Biological cabinet

- · Real time PCR system
- Desktop microcentrifuge for "eppendorf" type tubes (RCF max. 16,000 x g) Vortex mixer
- Real time PCR reaction tubes/plates
- · Cryo-container
- Pipets (0.5μl 1000μl)
- · Sterile filter tips for micro pipets
- · Sterile microtubes
- · Disposable gloves, powderless
- · Biohazard waste container
- · Refrigerator and Freezer
- Tube racks

7. AWarnings and Precaution

- Carefully read this instruction before starting the procedure.
- For in vitro diagnostic use only.
- . This assay needs to be carried out by skilled personnel.
- · Clinical samples should be regarded as potentially infectious materials and
- should be prepared in a laminar flow hood. . This assay needs to be run according to Good Laboratory Practice.
- · Do not use the kit after its expiration date. · Avoid repeated thawing and freezing of the reagents, this may reduce the sensitivity of the
- Once the reagents have been thawed, vortex and centrifuge briefly the tubes before use.
- · Quickly prepare the reaction mix on ice or in the cooling block
- Set up two separate working areas: 1) Isolation of the RNA/ DNA and 2) Amplification/ detection of amplification products.
- · Pipets, vials and other working materials should not circulate among working units.

- · Use always sterile pipette tips with filters.
- Wear separate coats and gloves in each area

8. Sample Collection, Storage and transportation

- Collect samples in sterile tubes;
- Specimens can be extracted immediately or frozen at -20°C to -80°C.
- Transportation of clinical specimens must comply with local regulations for the transport of etiologic agents

9. Procedure

9.1 DNA-Extraction

DNA extraction buffer is supplied in the kit, please thaw the buffer thoroughly and spin down briefly in the centrifuge before use. It's better to use commercial kits for nucleic acid extraction.

9.1.1 Stool samples

- 1) Take about 50mg stool samples to a 1.5ml tube; add 1.0ml normal saline then vortex vigorously. Centrifuge the tube at 13000rpm for 2 minutes, carefully remove and discard
- supernatant from the tube without disturbing the pellet.
 2) Add 100µl DNA extraction buffer, close the tube then resuspend the pellet with vortex vigorously. Spin down briefly in a table centrifuge.
- 3) Incubate the tube for 10 minutes at 100°C.
- 4) Centrifuge the tube at 13000rpm for 5 minutes. The supernatant contains the DNA extracted and can be used for PCR template.

9.1.2 Water samples

- 1) Take 3 ml water to a tube, Centrifuge the tube at 13000rpm for 2 minutes, carefully remove and discard supernatant from the tube without disturbing the pellet.
- 2) Add 50ul DNA extraction buffer, close the tube then vortex for 10 seconds. Spin down briefly in a table centrifuge.
- 3) Incubate the tube for 10 minutes at 100°C.
- 4) Centrifuge the tube at 13000rpm for 5 minutes. The supernatant contains the DNA extracted and can be used for PCR template

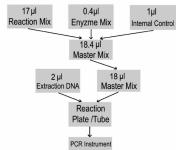
Attention:

- A. During the incubation, make sure the tube is not open, as the vapor will volatilize into the air and may cause contamination in case the sample is positive.
- B. The extraction sample should be used in 3 hours or stored at -20°C for one month.
 C. DNA extraction kits are available from various manufacturers. You may use your own extraction systems or the commercial kit based on the yield. For DNA extraction, please comply with the manufacturer's instructions. **9.2 Internal Control**

It is necessary to add internal control (IC) in the reaction mix. Internal Control (IC) allows the user to determine and control the possibility of PCR inhibition

Add the internal control (IC) 1µl/rxn and the result will be shown in the 560nm.

The Master Mix volume for each reaction should be pipetted as follows:



※PCR system without 560nm channel may be treated with 1μl Molecular Grade Water instead of 1μl IC.

- 1) The volumes of Reaction Mix and Enzyme Mix per reaction multiply with the number of samples, which includes the number of the controls, standards and sample prepared. Molecular Grade Water is used as the negative control. For reasons of unprecise pipetting, always add an extra virtual sample. Mix the master mix completely then spin down briefly in a centrifuge.

 2) Pipet 18µl Master Mix with micropipets of sterile filter tips to each *Real time* PCR reaction
- plate/tube. Then separately add 2µl DNA sample, positive and negative controls to different reaction plate/tubes. Immediately close the plate/tubes to avoid contamination.

 3) Spin down briefly in order to collect the Master Mix in the bottom of the reaction tubes.

4) Perform the following protocol in the instrument

) I cirorin the ronowing protocol in the instrument		
37°C for 2min	1cycle	
94°C for 2min	1cycle	
93°C for 5sec, 60°C for 30sec (Fluorescence measured at 60°C)	40cycles	

Selection of fluorescence channels		
530nm	Target Nucleic Acid	
560nm	IC	

10.Threshold setting: Choose Arithmetic as back ground and none as Noise Band method, then adjust the Noise band just above the maximum level of molecular grade water, and adjust the threshold just under the minimum of the positive control.

11.Calibration for quantitative detection: Input each concentration of standard controls at the

end of run, and a standard curve will be automatically formed.

12.Quality control: Negative control, positive control and internal control must be performed

correctly, otherwise the sample results is invalid.

Channel	Crossing point value	
Control	530nm	560nm
Molecular Grade Water	blank	25~35
Positive Control(qualitative assay)	≤35	

13. Data Analysis and Interpretation

1110 1	The following results are possible:					
	Channel	Reaction Mix	Crossing point value	Result Analysis		
1#	530nm	A&B	Blank	Below the detection limit or negative		
	560nm		25~35	Below the detection minit of negative		
2#	530nm	A	≤35	Positive, and it is of producing heat-stable enterotoxin		
3#	530nm	В	≤35	Positive, and it is of producing heat-labile enterotoxin		
4#	530nm	A&B	35~40	Re-test; If it is still 35~40. report as 1#		
5#	530nm & 560nm	A&B	Blank	PCR Inhibition; No diagnosis can be concluded		

For further questions or problems, please contact our technical support at trade@liferiver.com.cn